

iSage Regional Workshop – Round Table Discussion  
Wetherby, UK – 5 December 2019

# Strategies to Improve consumer perception and consumption of sheep and goat products

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Innovation for Sustainable  
Sheep and Goat  
Production in Europe



# Resilient supply chain?

- **Resilience:** ‘the ability of a system to return to its original state or move to a new, more desirable state after being disturbed’.
- Implicit in this definition is the notion of **flexibility**, and given that the desired state may be different from the original, ‘**adaptability**’ earns a place in our thinking too.
- **Nassim Nicholas Taleb has coined the word «ANTIFRAGILE»**



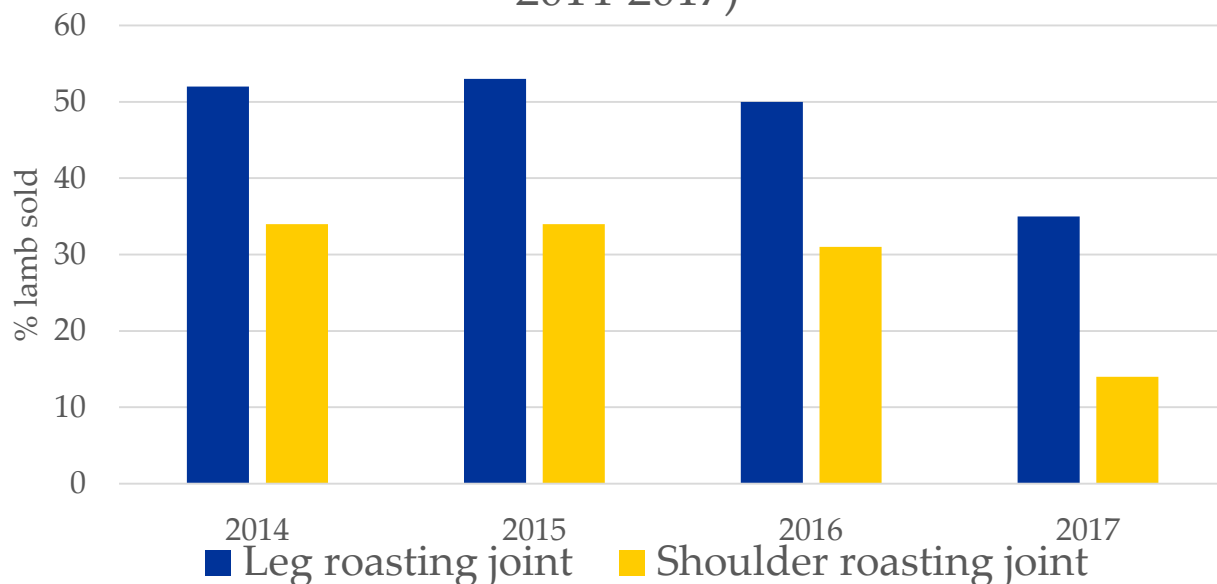
# Antifragility

- «Antifragility is beyond resilience or robustness. The resilient resists shocks and stays the same; the antifragile gets better» (N. Taleb)
- The phenomenon is well studied in medicine, where for example Wolff's Law describes how bones grow stronger due to external load.
- According to Taleb, depriving systems of vital stressors is not necessarily a good thing and can be harmful.

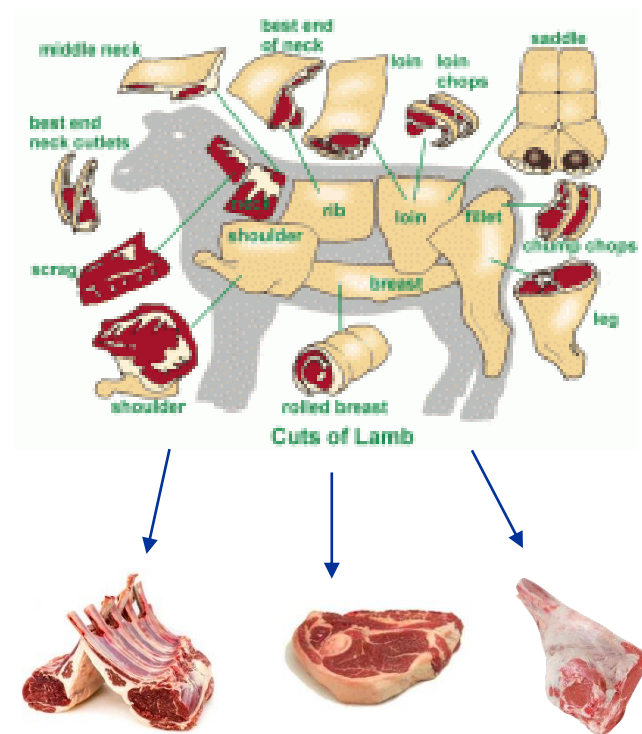
# Challenges for lamb meat SCs

## Carcase imbalance

% lamb products sold on promotion (GB, 2014-2017)

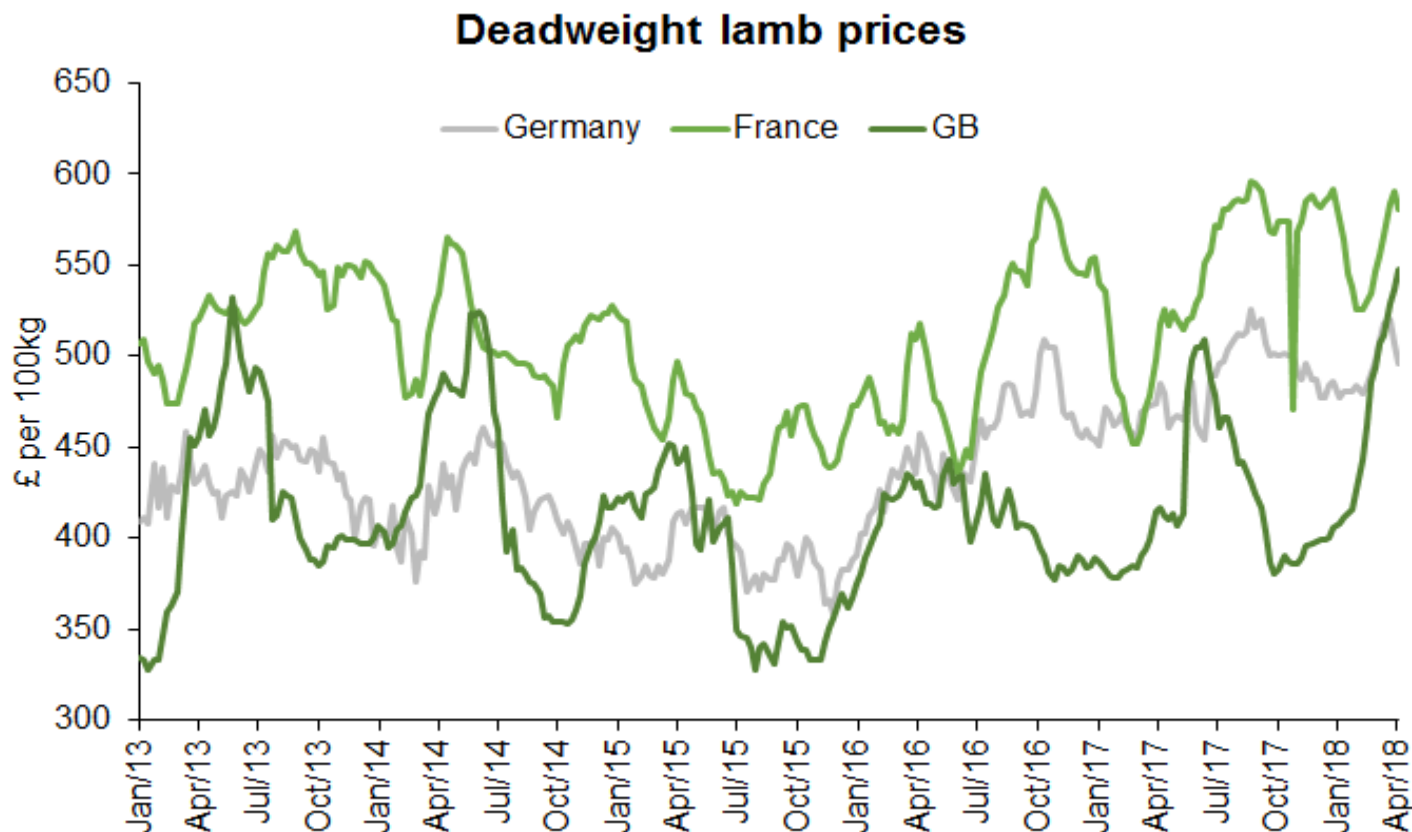


Source: Kantar Worldpanel



# Challenges for lamb meat SCs

## Market volatility



Source: European Commission



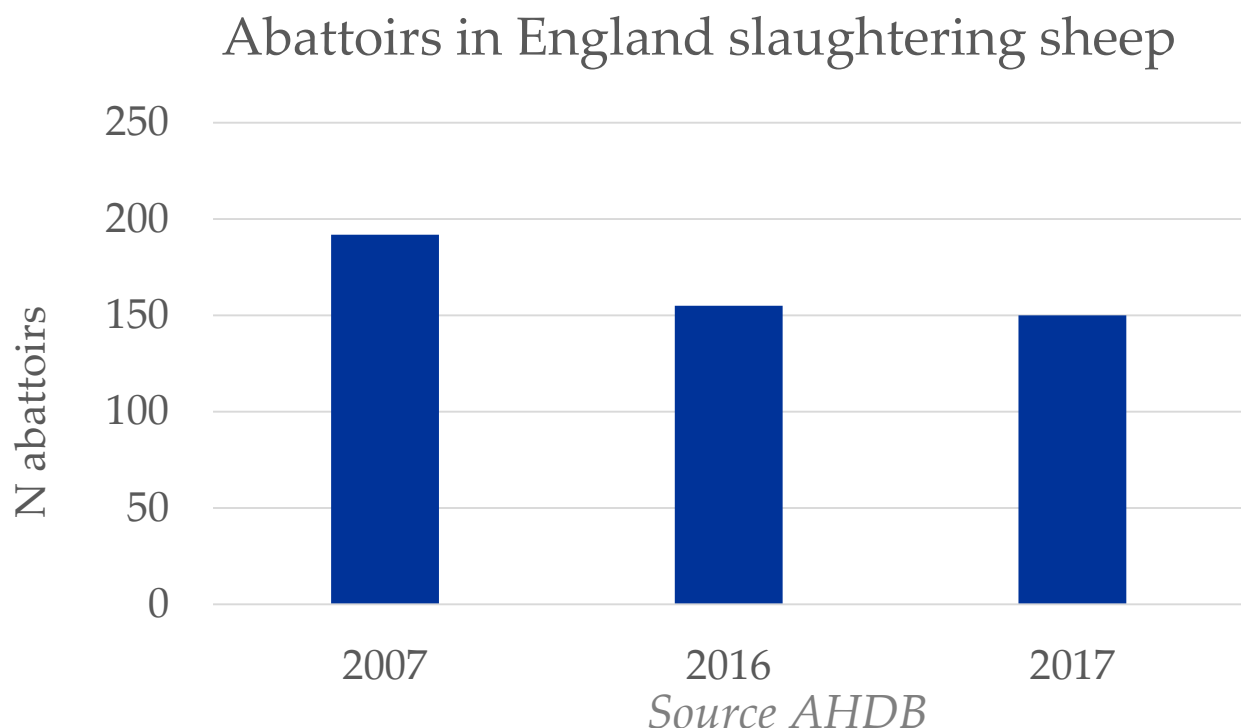
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# Challenges for lamb meat SCs

## Supply chain consolidation



# Lessons learnt from the case studies

## Reduce carcass imbalance issues

- Identify quality specification and market a range of products that optimise the use of that specification
  - Includes development of new meat cuts
- Selling through different market routes
  - Target different consumer groups
- Export & Import

# Lessons learnt from the case studies

## Facing market volatility

- Special contracts
  - E.g. Cost of Production model
- Collaboration
  - Reduce transport and processing costs

*BUT the focus is more on reducing costs than increasing quality and... price!*



# iSAGE Consumer research Results



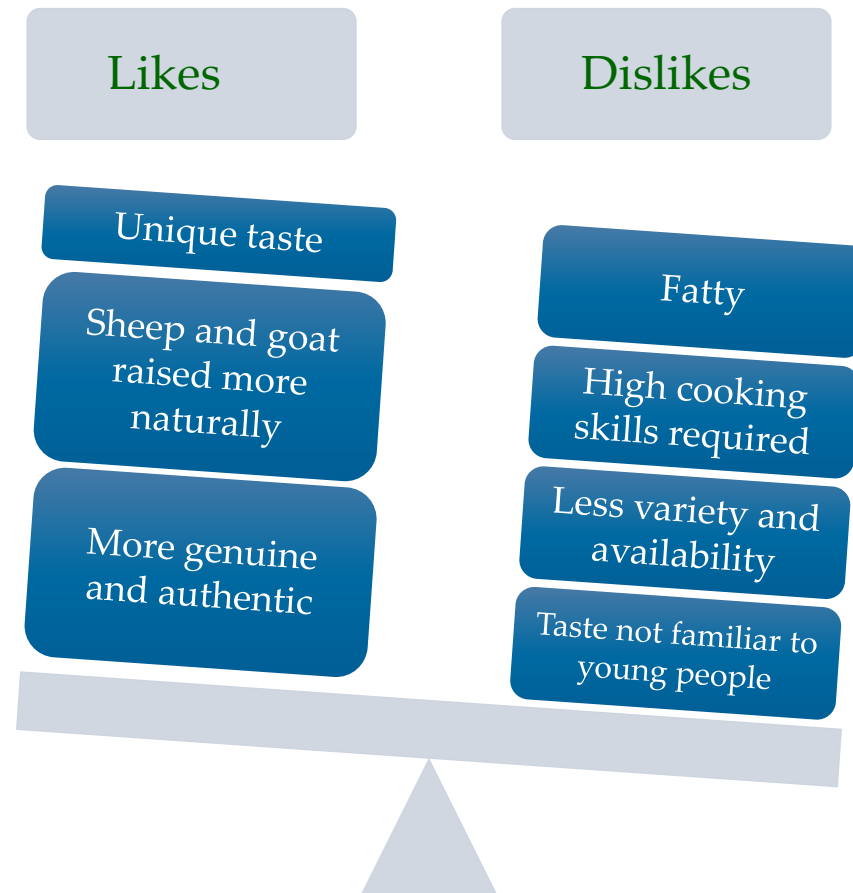
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# Focus Group overall results: meat



# Focus groups results for meat - UK

*I wouldn't buy a lamb that I know has been treated badly" (Male, Reg)*

Animal Welfare

*"Lamb production has less [environmental] impact [than other meat production]" (Male, Reg)*

Sustainability

*"I think lamb is already natural, so I don't really see the reason why I should go for organic"(Male, Occ)*

Situation

*"It is the classic dish for Sunday lunch" (Female, Reg)*

*"The only reason I eat less lamb than chicken, is that with chicken I can do more things" (Female, Occ)*

Convenience

*"I must admit I don't cook much, just easy things, so regarding lamb, I usually buy chops that are very easy to cook" (Female, Occ)*

*"It is usually quite fatty" (Male, Occ).*

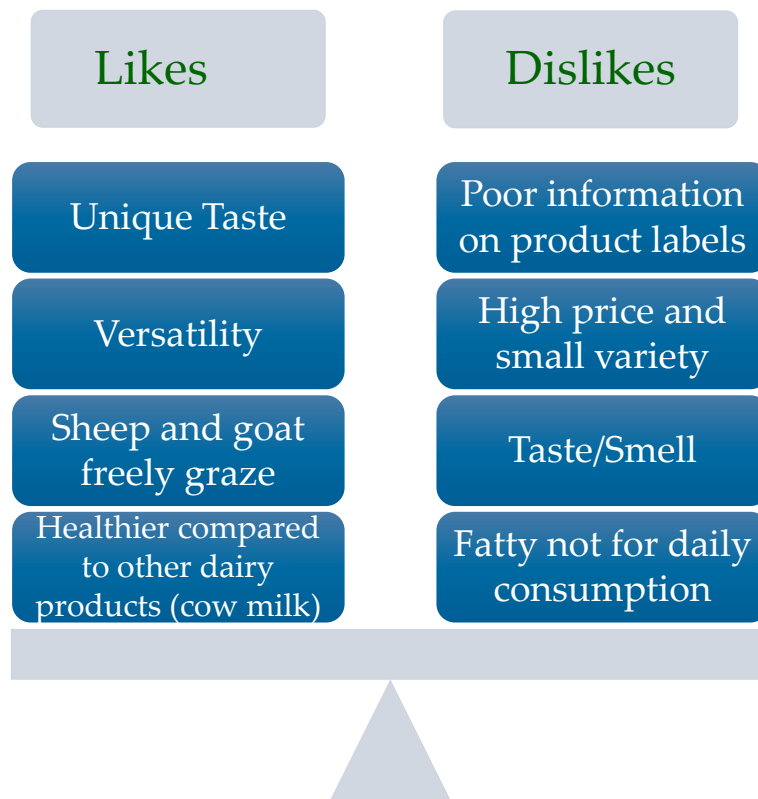
Fatty

*"I don't like the joints, it's difficult to cut off the fat" (Female, Occ).*

Cuts

*"New cuts for example...lamb lollipops" (Male, Reg).*

# Results summary - Dairy



# Focus groups results for cheese - UK

*"I didn't know any goat cheeses whatsoever, until a few years ago"*  
(Female, Reg)

*"It is not said on the package whether it is from sheep or not, so I don't really know if I ever ate [a ewe-milk cheese]"*

## Knowledge

*I was not aware of it [feta cheese] before I went on holidays to Greece, and when I came back I wanted to prepare my own Greek salad"* (Female, Occ).

*"It's difficult to find in supermarkets when you are in a hurry"* (Female, Reg).

## Availability

## Animal welfare

*"It is a natural product...Goats are free to walk outside; they are not 'mass produced' as cows are. This is why [goat cheese] tastes so nice"* (Female, Reg).

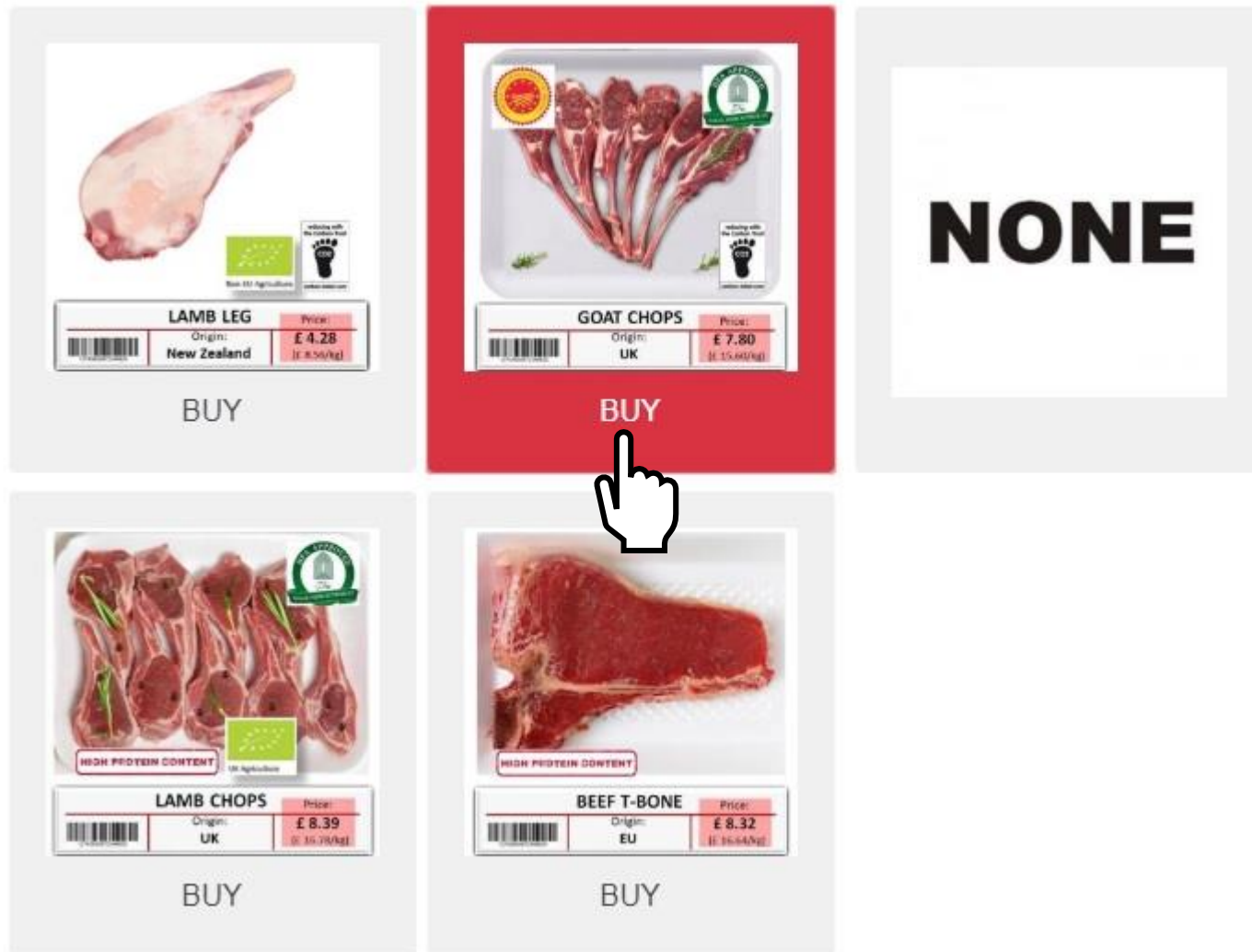
## Taste

*"It has a very strong flavour"* (Female, Occ).

*"It's a versatile product, you can eat it with pretty much everything"* (Male, Reg)

## Situation

# Choice experiment for meat



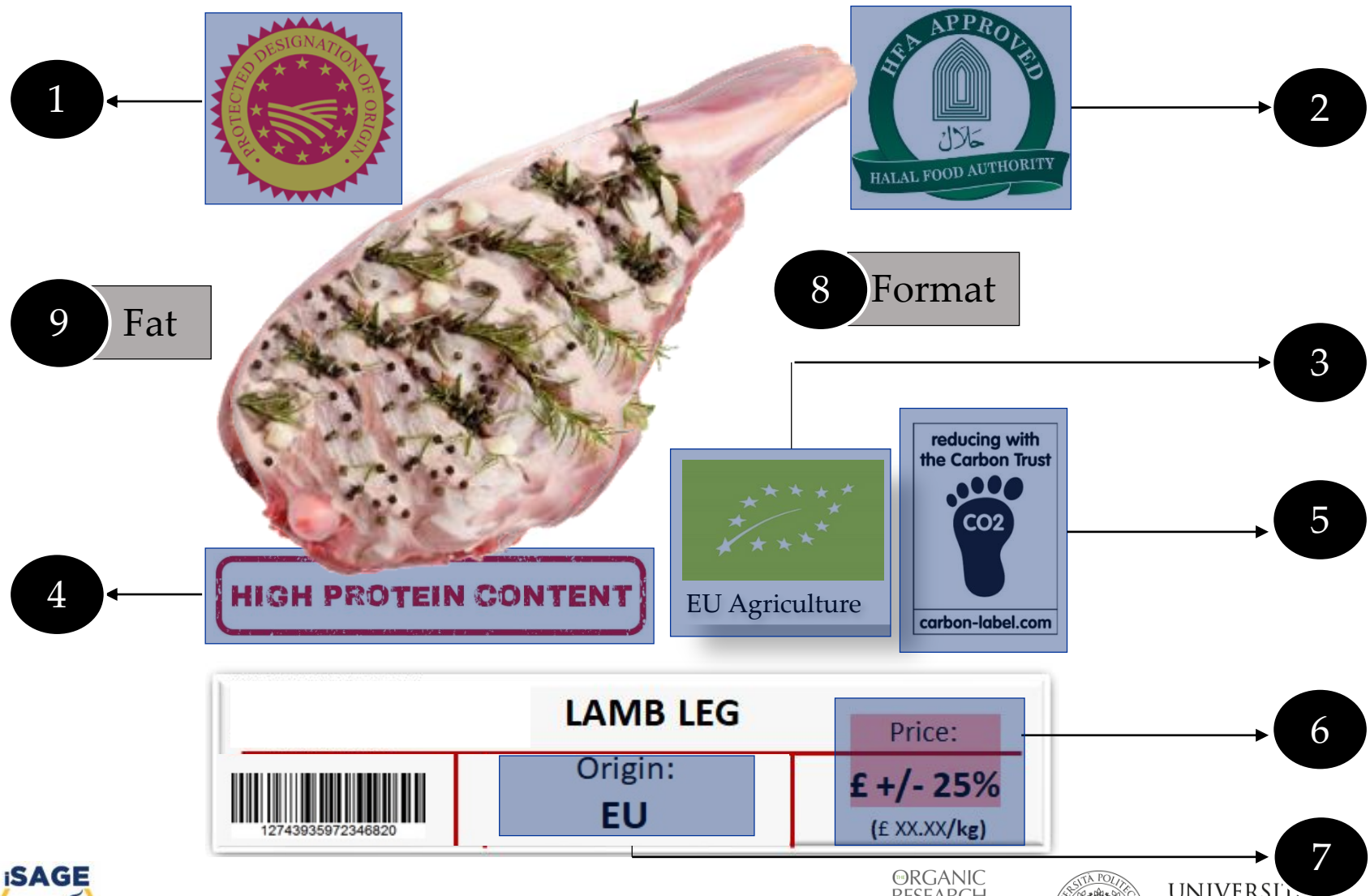
Choice set

# Choice experiment for meat









# Choice experiment attributes





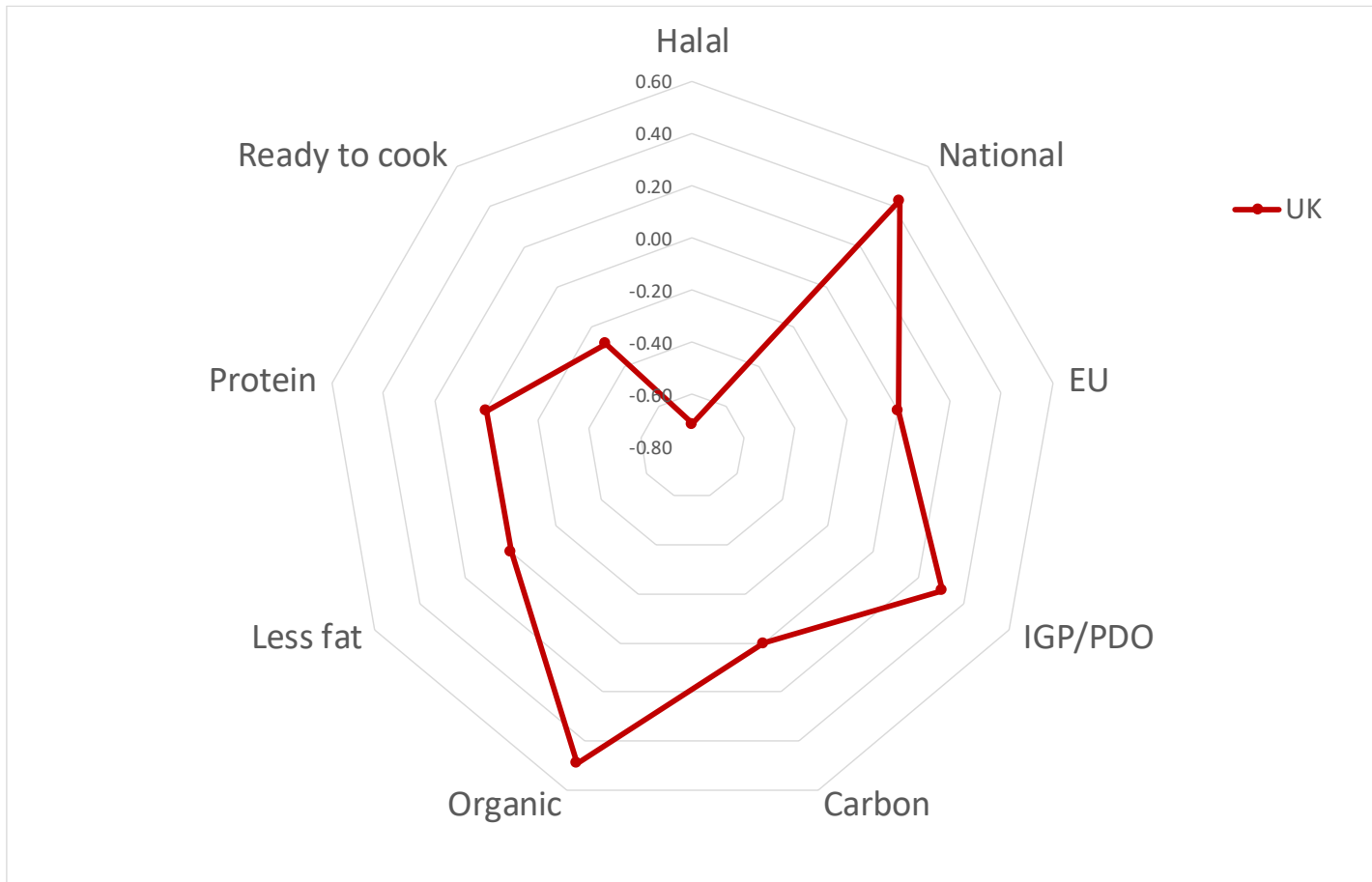
# Results: meat cuts and type

\*Beef is the reference category

Meat	Finland	France	Greece	Italy	Spain	Turkey	UK
 Beef T-bone	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Lamb leg	↓	↓	↓↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
 Lamb chops	↓	↓	↓	-	↑	↑	-
 Goat chops	↓	↓↓	↓	↓	-	↓	↓
None	↓↓	↓	↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓↓	↓↓

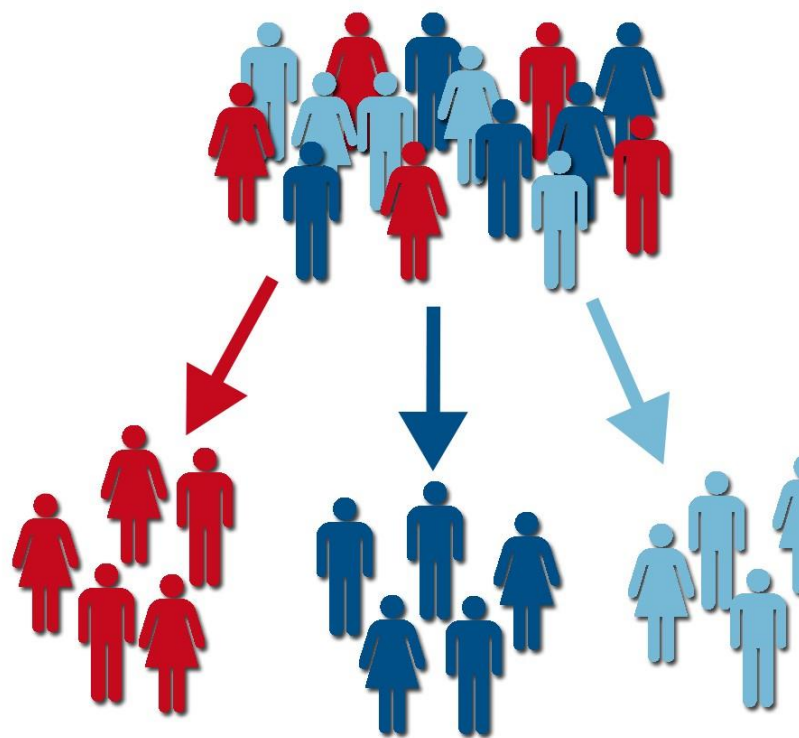
5% significance level

# Average Willingness-to-Pay (£) UK Meat

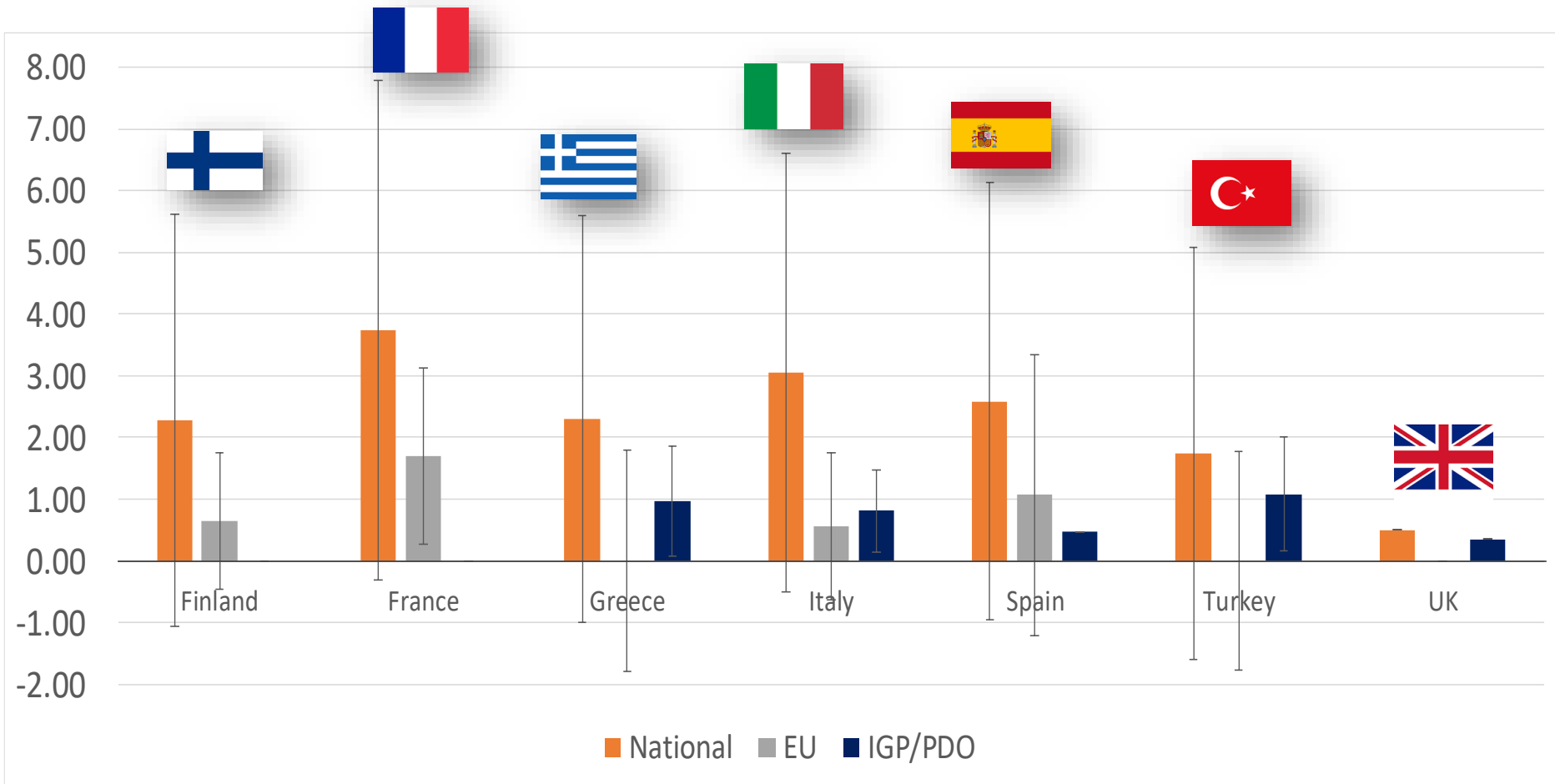


# Consumers are not all alike

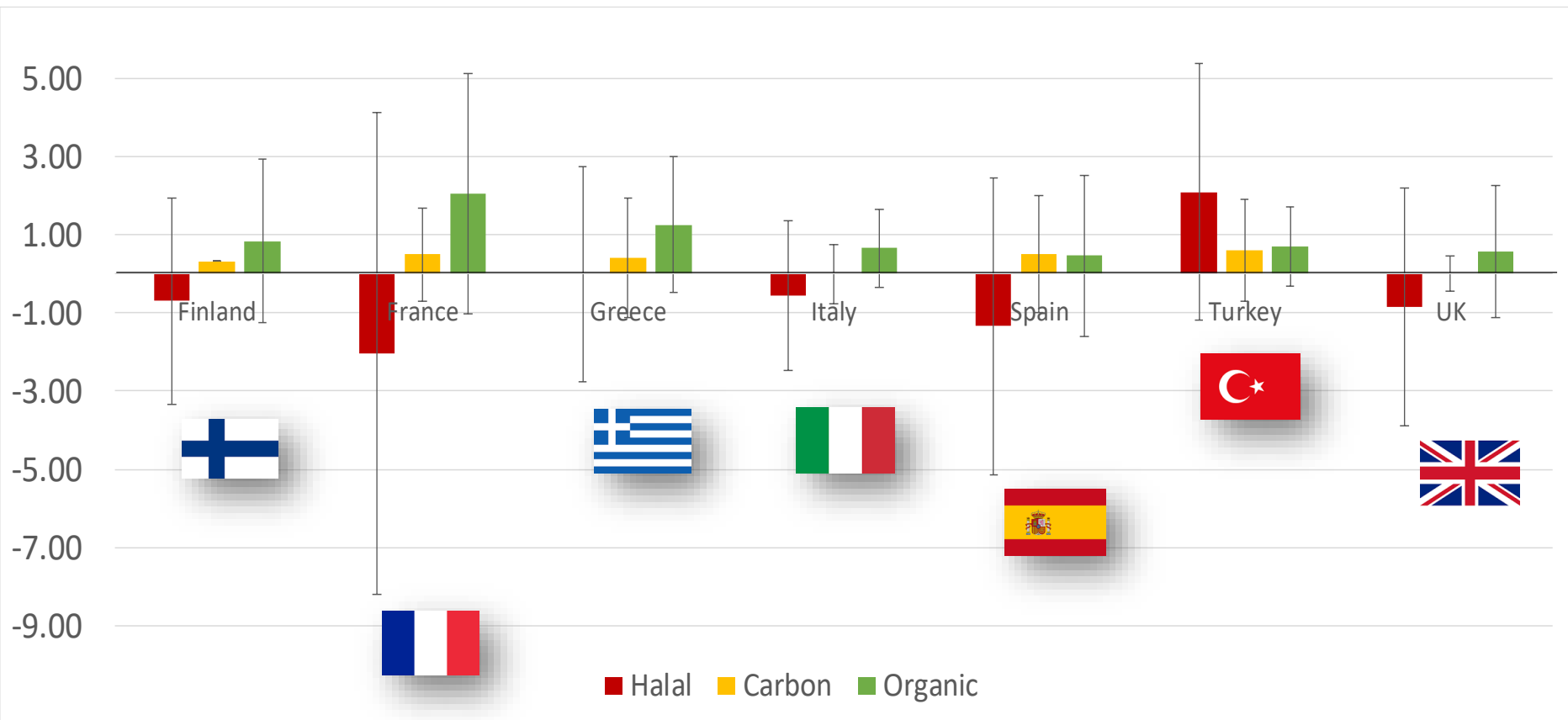
- Consumers have heterogeneous preferences depending from status, culture, income, education, family & household characteristics, past experience, etc.
- They search for different **benefits**, and have different views of risks
- Market segmentation is necessary



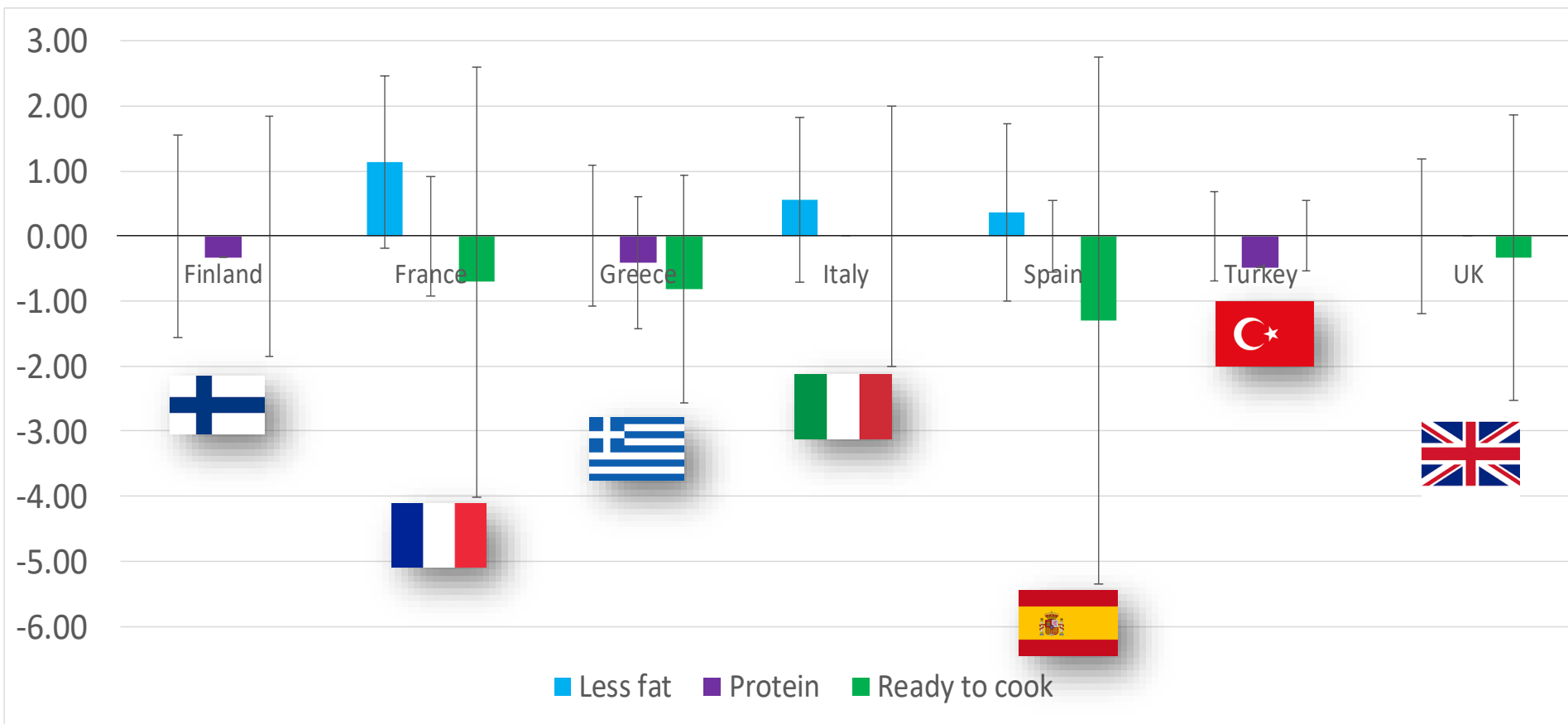
# WTP for Origin and PDO/PGI label (euro)



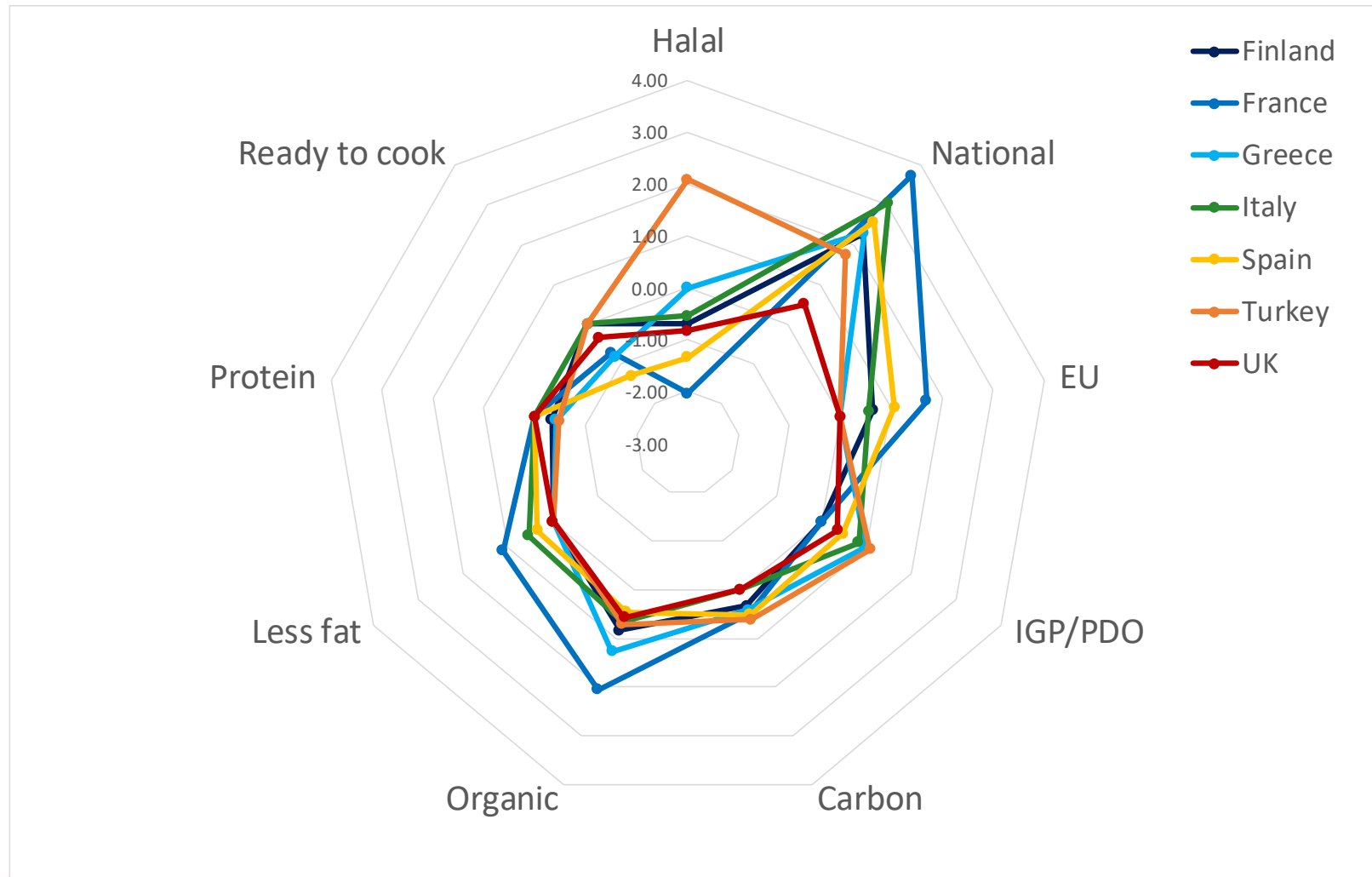
# WTP for Halal, Carbon footprint and Organic label (euro)



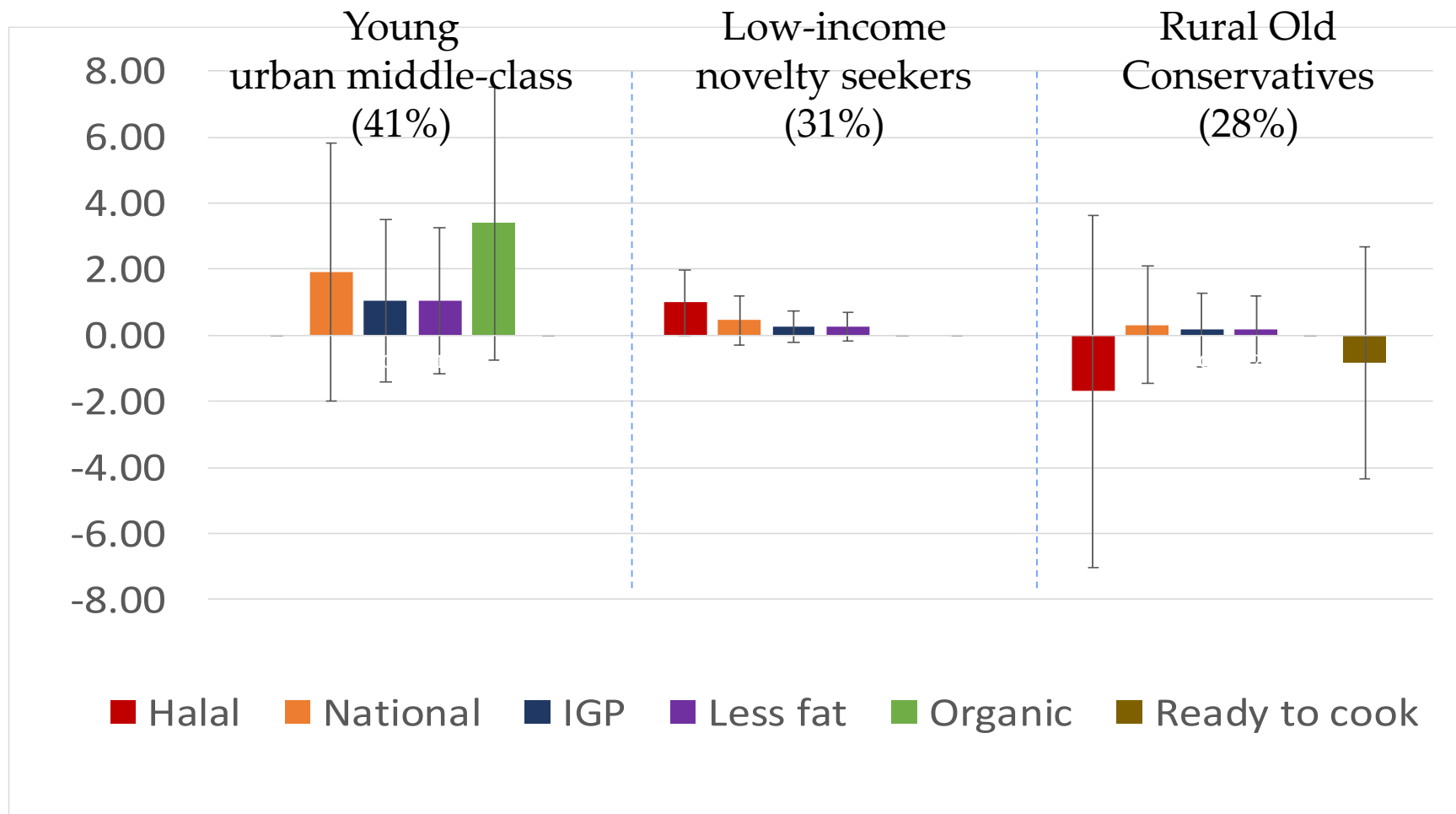
# WTP for health labels (euro)



# Average Willingness-to-Pay (€) Comparison with other countries



# UK Meat segments (WTP £)






# Let's continue with ewe and goat cheese!



# Choice experiment for cheese

Fresh cheese A	
Milk source:	Ewe milk
	Raw milk
	Animal rennet
	-
	-
Origin:	EU
	
Price:	5.57 euro

Aged cheese A	
Milk source:	Ewe milk
	Pasteurized
	Non-animal rennet
	Low salt
	
Origin:	UK
	-
Price:	4.28 euro

Fresh cheese B	
Milk source:	Mixed goat and cow milk
	Raw milk
	Animal rennet
	-
	
Origin:	UK
	-
Price:	3 euro

Aged cheese B	
Milk source:	Mixed goat and cow milk
	Pasteurized
	Non-animal rennet
	Low salt
	-
Origin:	UK
	
Price:	7.95 euro

None	
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# Preliminary results: cheese type

\*None is the reference category

Meat	Finland	France	Greece	Italy	Spain	Turkey	UK
None	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aged cheese	↑↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑↑	↑↑	↑
Fresh cheese	↑	↑	↑↑	↑	↑	↑	↑

5% significance level

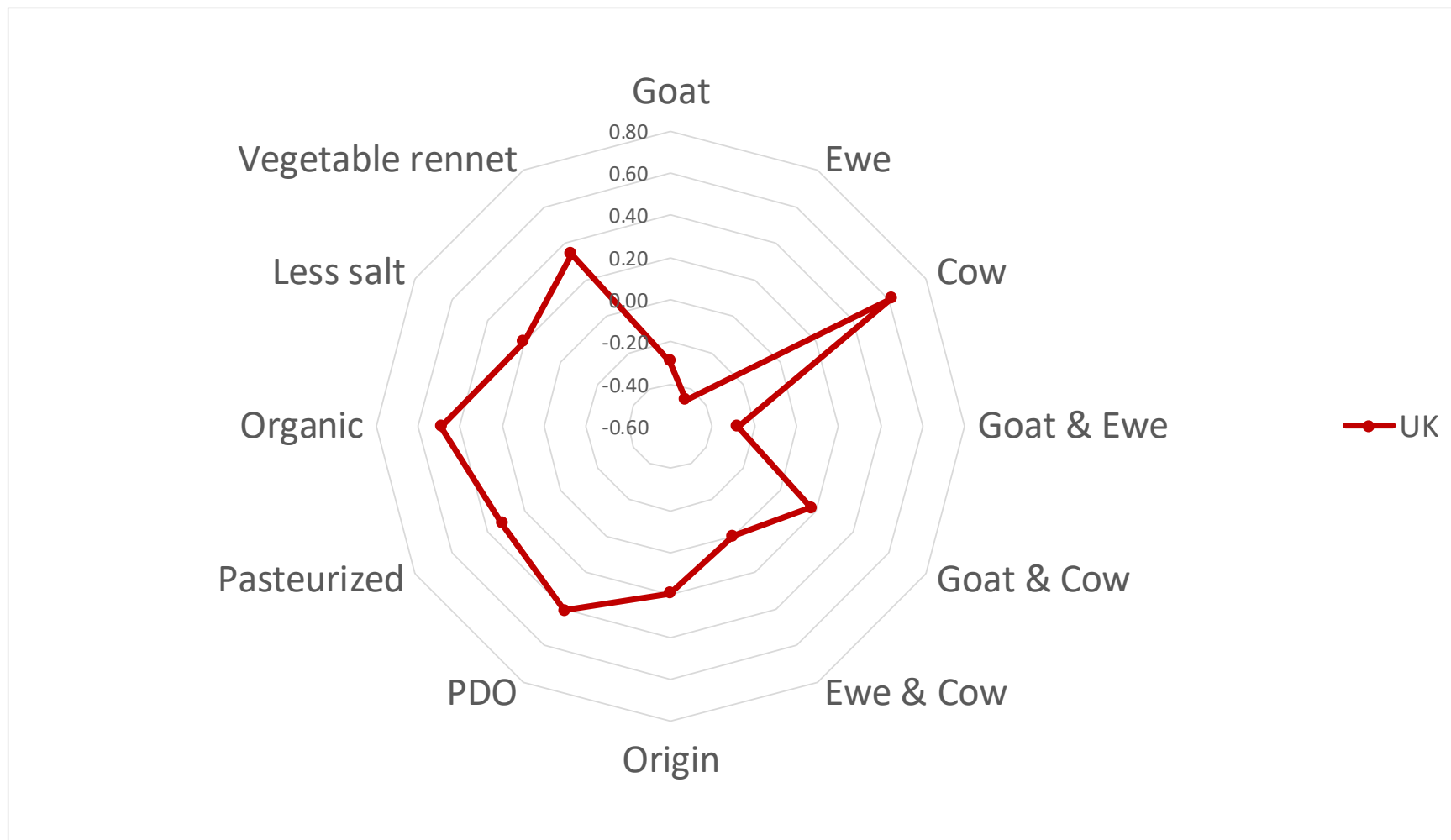


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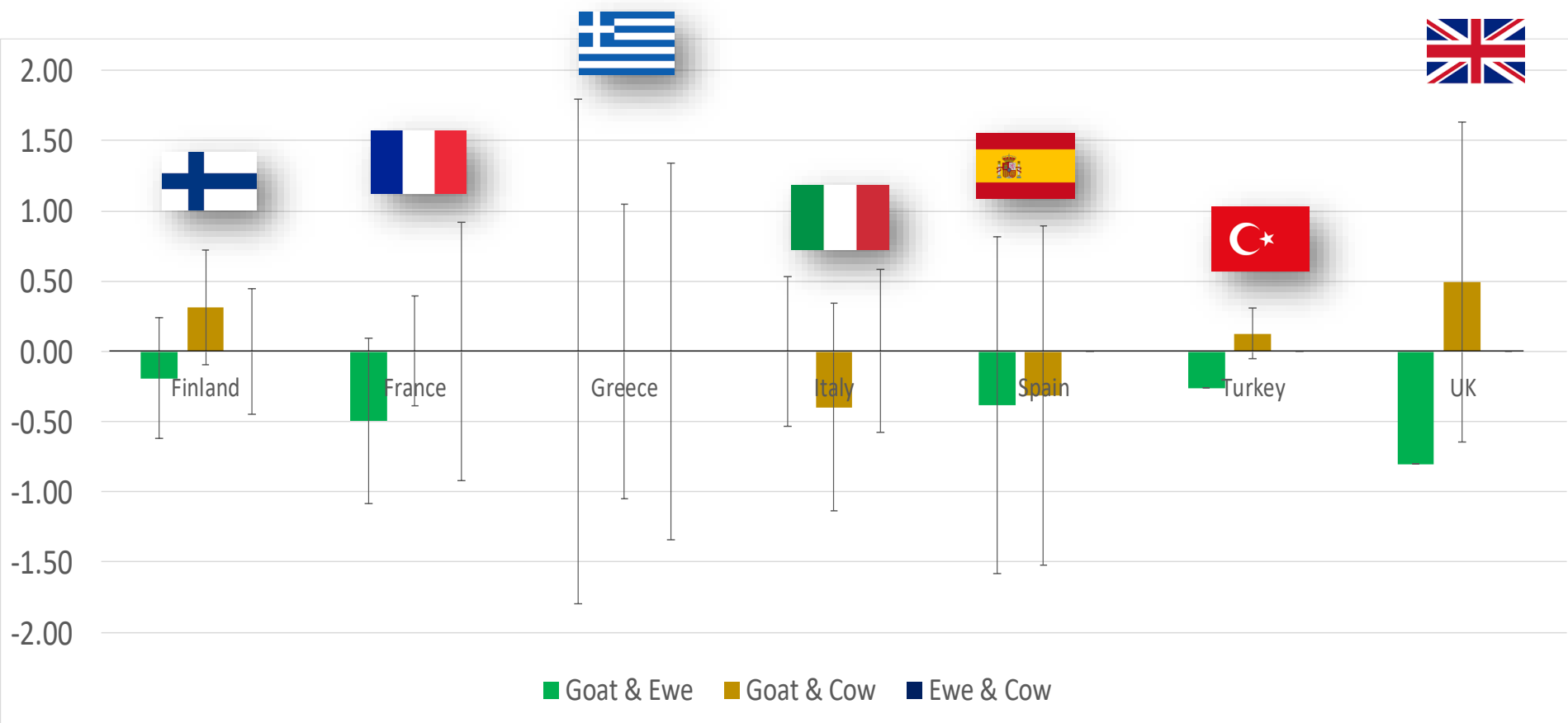


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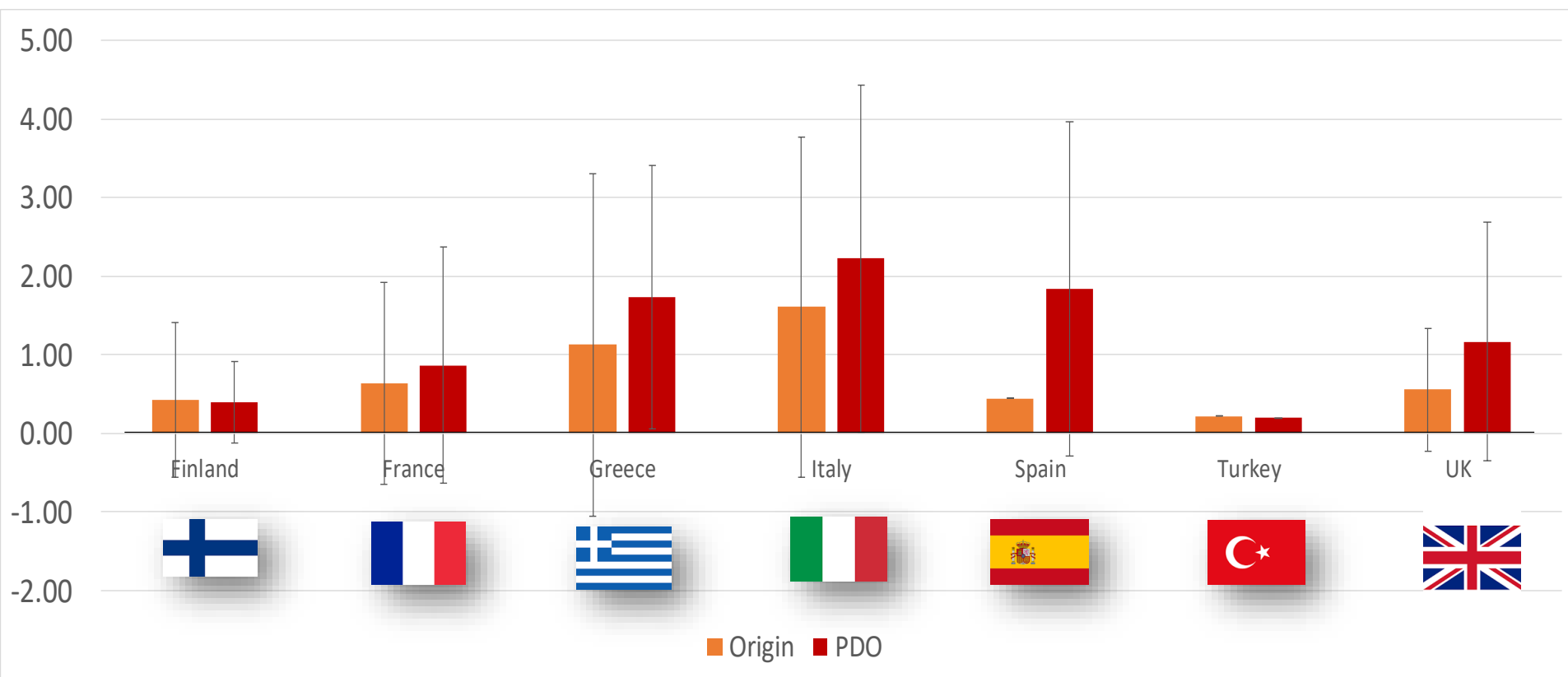
# Average Willingness-to-Pay (£) UK Cheese



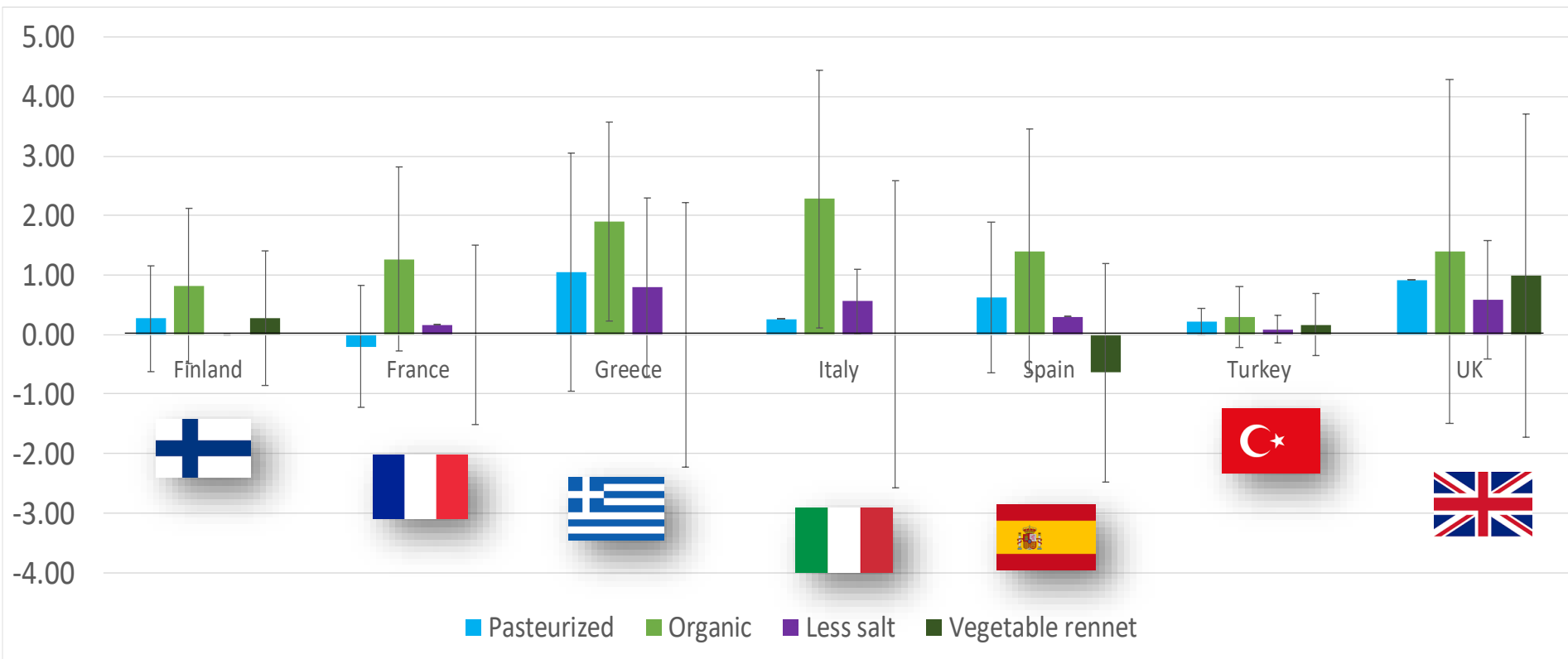
# WTP for mixed cheese (euro)



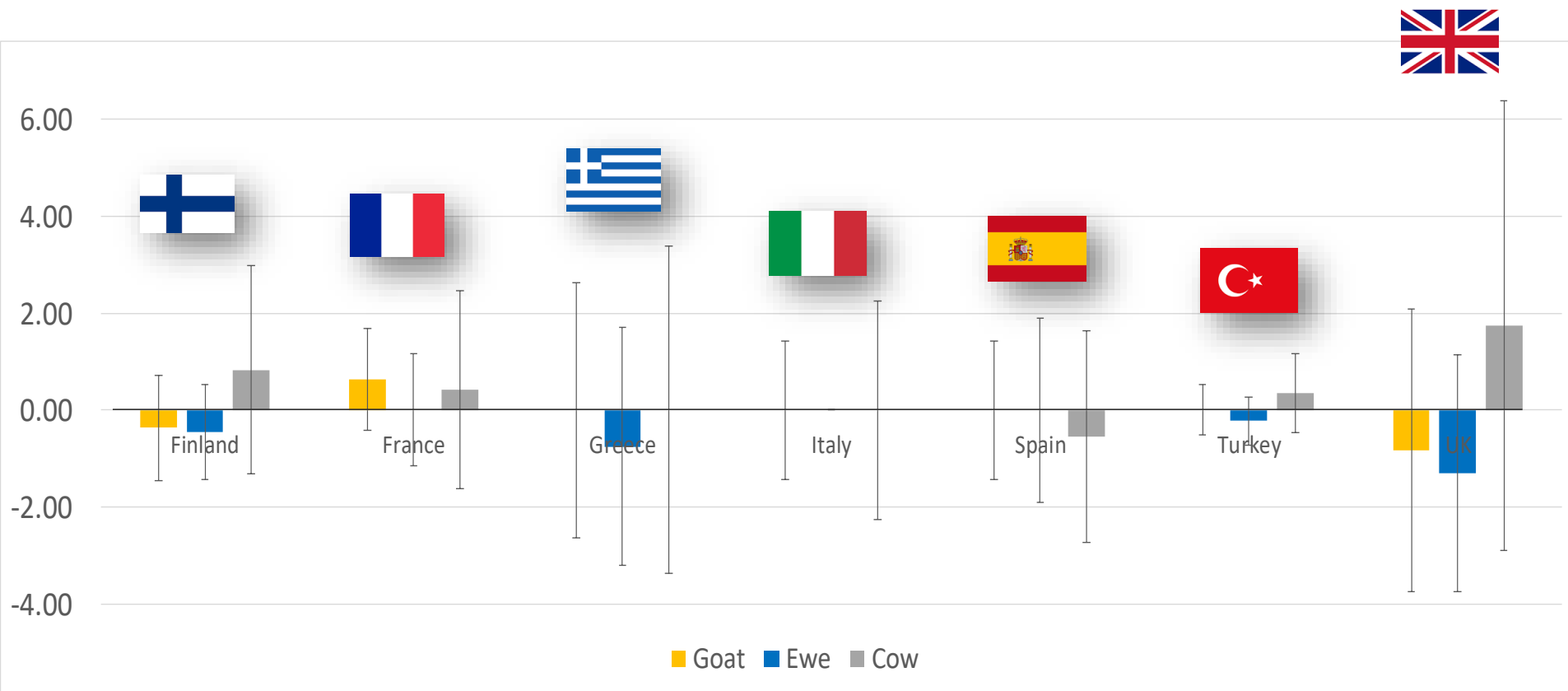
# WTP for cheese origin (euro)



# WTP for pasteurization, organic label, less salt & vegetable rennet (euro)

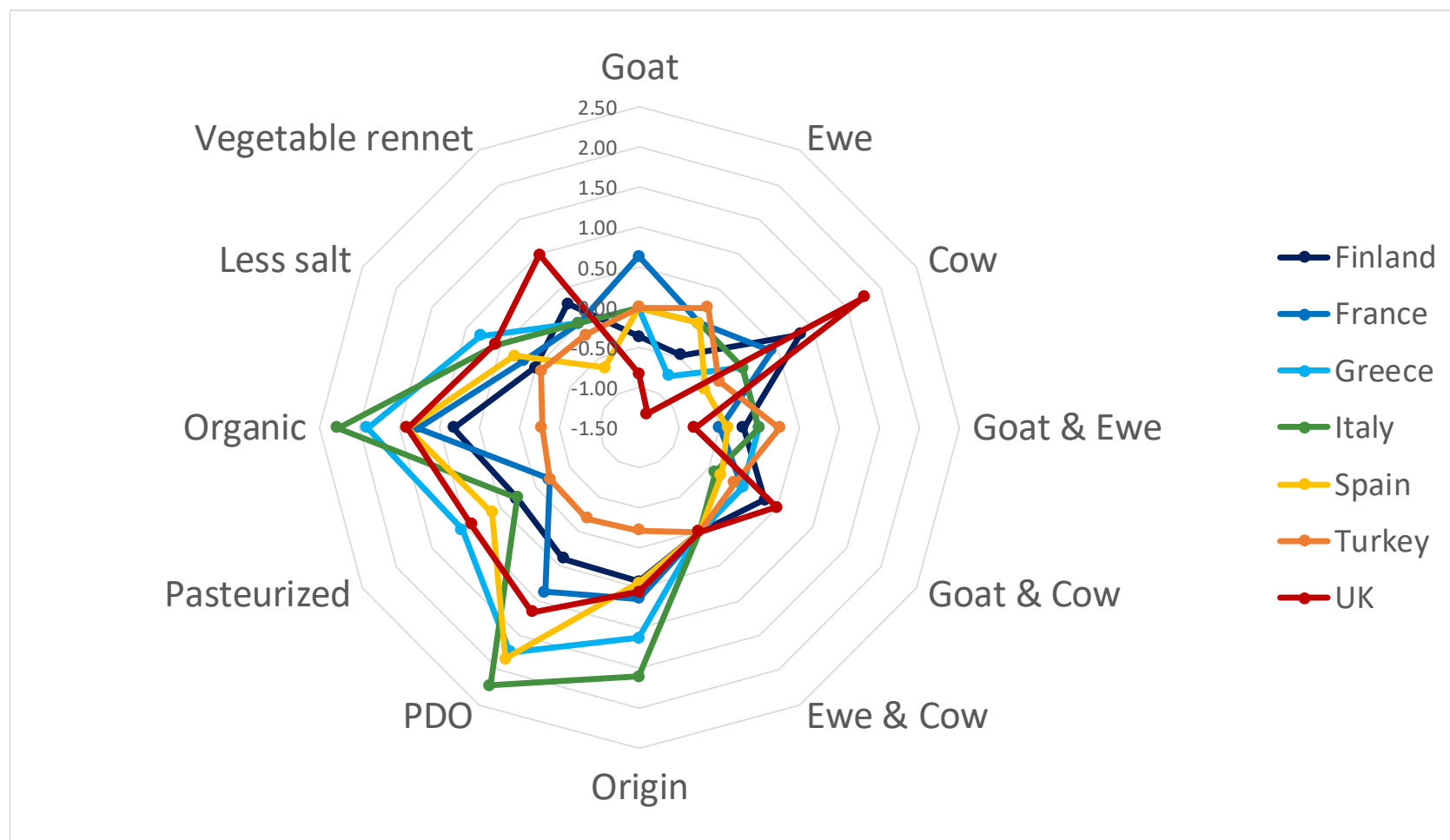


# WTP for one milk type cheese (euro)

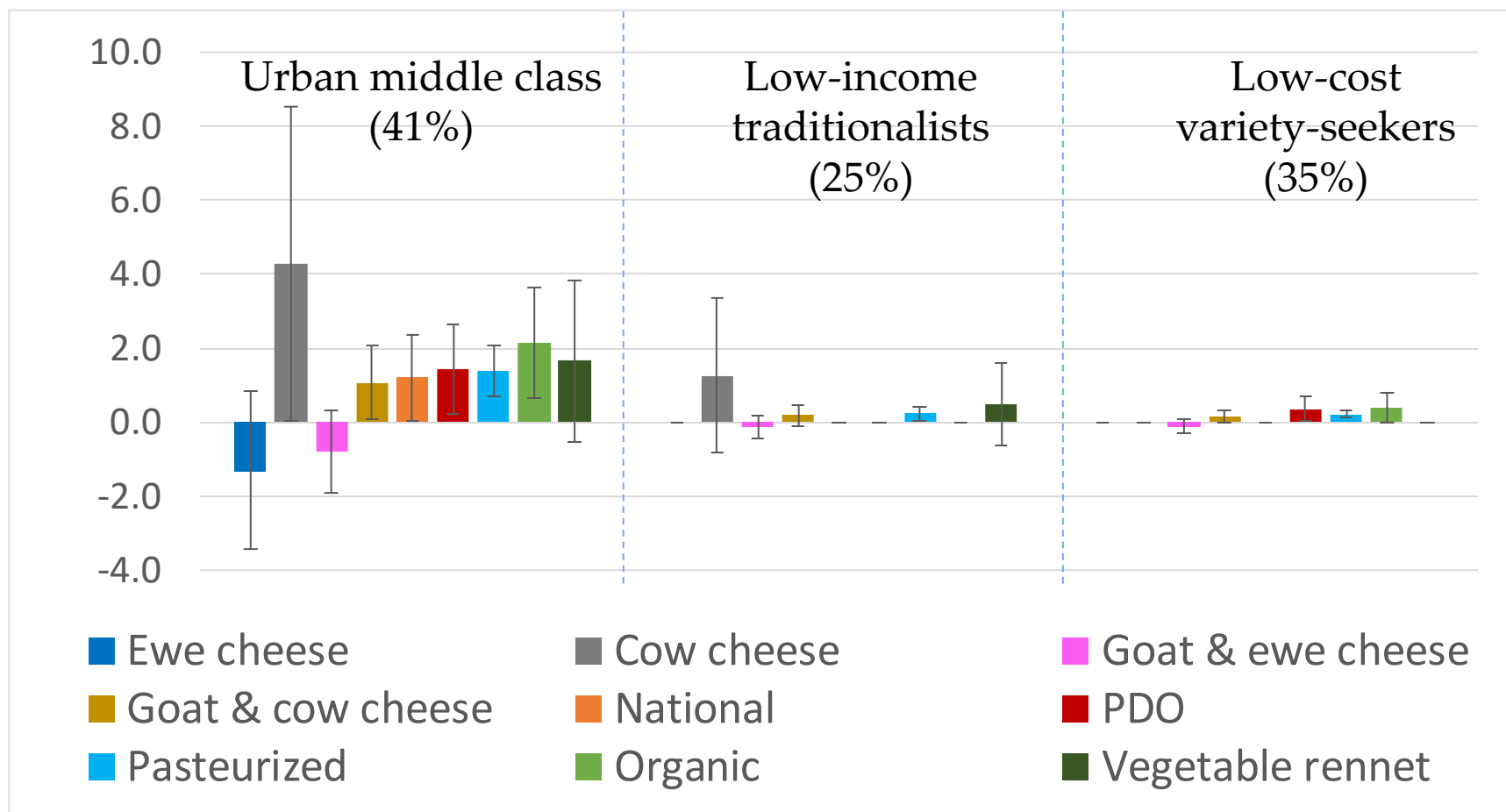




# Average Willingness-to-Pay (€) Comparison with other countries

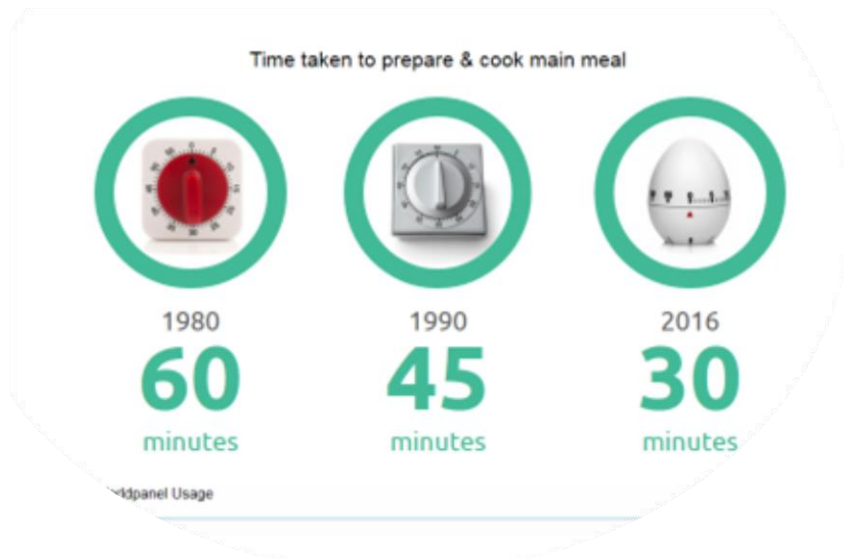


# UK Cheese segments (WTP £)



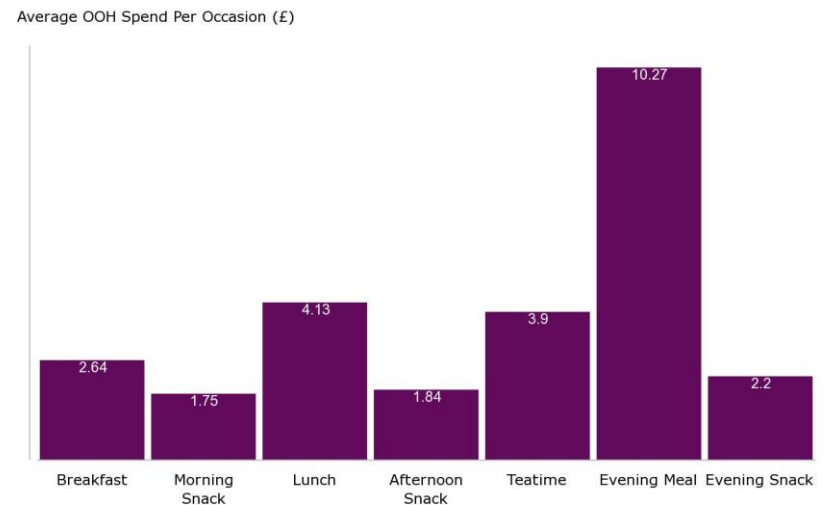
# Challenges: Changing families & habits

Households spend less time preparing and cooking meals



Ready-to-eat or Ready-to-cook meals?

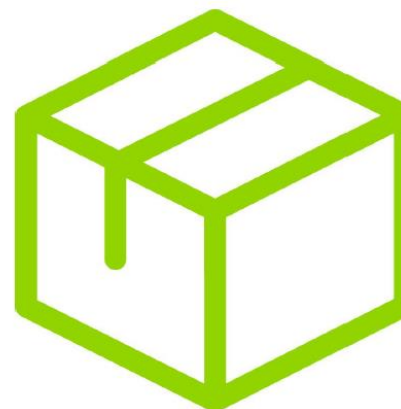
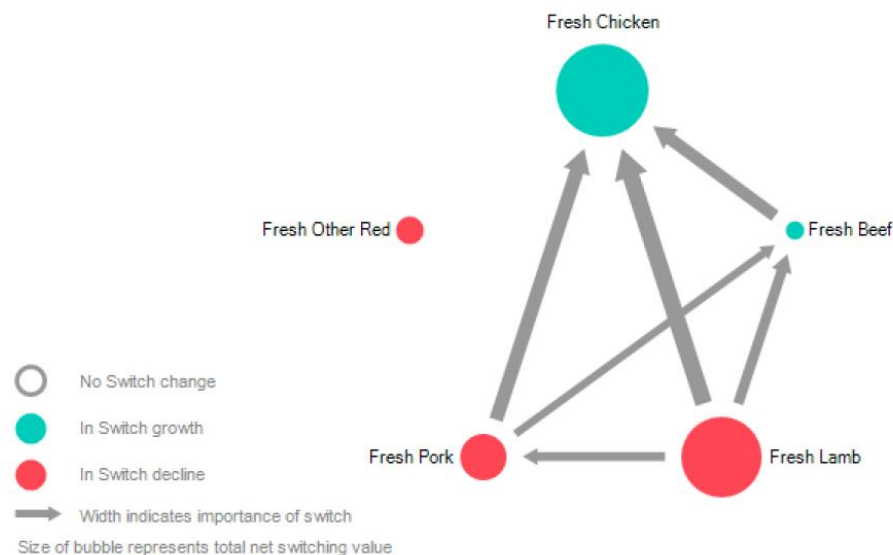
In 2017 the UK spent over £49bn on eating and drinking out



Eating out-of-home?

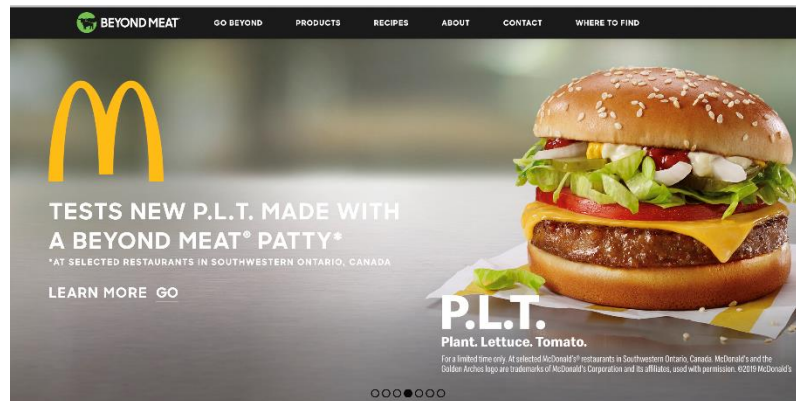
# Challenges: Switching to other meats....

Lamb has lost spend to all 3 rival meats



82.5%

Source: AHDB, UK



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○○○○○○●



# and Beyond meat!

<https://www.beyondmeat.com>



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# How to become antifragile?

- The small ruminants sector is mainly unbranded (meat) or, at the best, “under-branded” (cheese>).
  - You have generic/PDO cheese names (like feta, pecorino), or PDO/PGI labels in meat, but no real renown brands
  - Even organic label is generic, although it increases value added
- Introducing and marketing (collective) **brands** and **fancy packaging** may be a strategy to increase sales especially in the meat sector.



# Nice to meat you!

- There is nothing as little seducing than meat. Dead flesh and blood are not really sexy, unless for those who love *The walking dead*...
- Sexy, attractive, trendy packaging may help



# What about cut innovations?





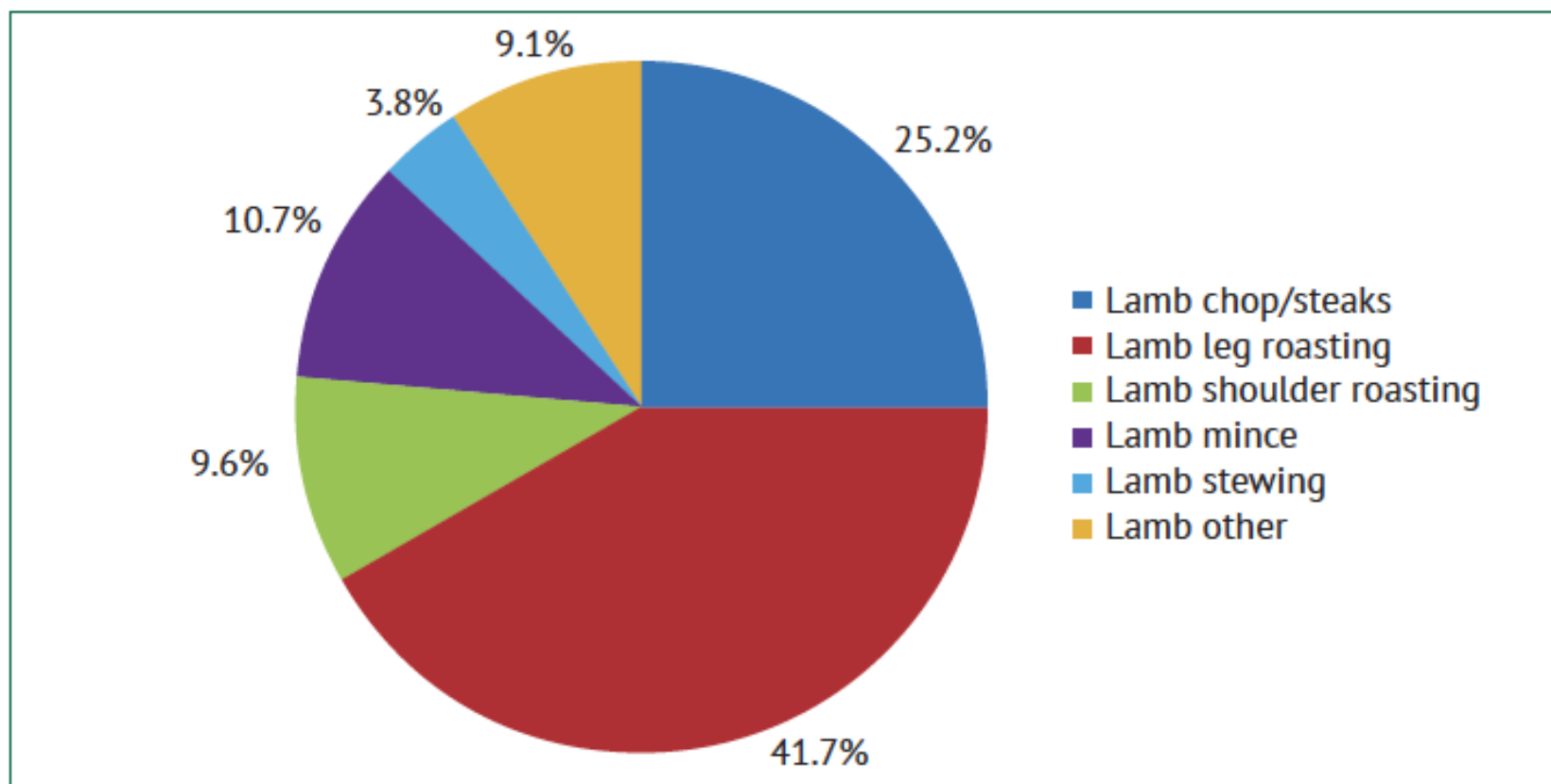
# Or convenience innovations?



**iSAGE results:  
convenience as  
ready to cook  
not relevant for  
average  
consumers, but  
cuts do make a  
difference  
according to  
consumption  
situation**



# Retail lamb cuts sold in UK (2018)



Source: Kantar Worldpanel

# Ewe/Goat cheese market still niche

Average purchase per person per week of cheese in the United Kingdom (UK) from 2006 to 2016/2017\* (in grams)



Source: Statista.com



INDEPENDENT



Olivia Petter | @oliviapetter1 | Thursday 31 May 2018 12:45 |

- Overall, the cheese market is expected to grow of 2.2%/year in the near future (Statista.com)
- Shoppers are buying more per trip and more often, but there has been a consistent decrease in the average price per kilo. Avg. per capita consumption is 8.4 kg.
- Mini portions have seen the strongest growth in both value and volume.





## Or packaging innovation?

- Packaging allows innovation in terms of shape (that has inherent symbolism), labelling, as well as serving suggestions, etc.
- Mini-portions are also a packaging innovation but need nudging
- That's a mean to achieve brand equity

# We live in a reputation economy

- As consumers we value experience more than knowledge and benefits more than product characteristics
- (Social) Media, Influencers, Chefs are very important



«The future of artisan production lies in restaurants. They are run by people by people who care about provenance, ethics and quality more than they do about price»

*James Whetlor,  
founder of Cabrito*





# Chefs can help making sheep/goat meat and cheese more trendy

Pictures from iSAGE taste lab at TerraMadre/Slow Food in Turin, 2018



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# How to become antifragile?

- The major idea is to develop antifragility by design, building a system which improves from environment's input.
- An antifragile S&G value chain would have:
  - Focus on the **right knowledge**, making it possible to detect, understand, and endure the changes affecting the supply chain
  - **Real-time adjustment**, to react while there is still a chance to influence positive change
  - A **network approach** instead of a linear pipeline, avoiding single points of failure





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